User Information for Zytron® 300 and 500 Liquid Splash Protective Garment

Certified Models NFPA 1990 (1992) - 2022 Edition

Z3H426-92 • Z3H427-92 • Z3H428-92 • Z3H432-92

Z3H437-92 • Z3H452-92 • Z3H452-92 5B

Z3H456-92 • Z3H456-92 5B • Z3H576-92

Z3H577-92 • Z3H579-92 • Z5H577-92



THIS INFORMATION PACKET MAY NOT BE REMOVED EXCEPT BY THE END USER

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User Information for Zytron 300 and 500 Liquid Splash Protective Garments

> Certified Models NFPA 1990 (1992) - 2022 Edition

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SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

It is the user's responsibility to read, understand and follow the information in this manual and on Kappler's website, www.kappler.com and all applicable Federal, state and local occupation safety and health statutes. For users outside the United States, please consult national or other applicable personal protective equipment regulations. Proper use should be consistent with NFPA 1500, Standard on Fire Department Occupational Safety and Health Program, and 29 CFR 1910.132.

The Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) responsible for approving equipment must comply with the requirements of NFPA 1891 for the selection, care, and maintenance of protective ensembles and elements.

SAFETY SYMBOLS USED IN THIS MANUAL

While reading this manual, you will come across a number of warnings concerning some of the risks and dangers you may face while using the device. These warnings contain "signal" words that will alert you to the degree of hazard you may encounter. These words, and the hazards they describe, are as follows.



WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in physical injury or damage to the product. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.





NOTICE

Indicates additional information on how to use the garment.

WARNINGS AND LIMITATIONS



WARNING

There are uses, environments, and chemicals for which these garments and/or fabrics are unsuitable. It is the responsibility of the user to review available data and verify that the garment and/or fabric is appropriate for the intended use and meets all specified and/or industry standards.



CAUTION

This garment must be used in combination with additional PPE, which include the following:

Separate full-face respiratory protection such as a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or an external breathing air supply (airline system with garment pass-through) with escape bottle. NFPA compliant garments must use NIOSH CBRN approved SCBA.

Separate foot and lower leg protection such as chemical protective boots.



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Additional Equipment

Additional personal protective equipment that might also be considered includes:

- Head protection.
- Hearing protection may be required due to high levels of external noise or high noise levels generated by supplied air systems.
- Other protective equipment that may be warranted based on the situation.

continued





CAUTION

Wearers Must be Physically Fit

Garments should only be worn by persons who are in good physical condition. Working in a totally encapsulating garment is strenuous. In an emergency situation or hot environment, the wearer may experience heat stress. Persons who show symptoms of heat stress such as nausea, dizziness, or excessive heat build-up should leave the work area immediately and doff the garment as quickly as possible. Persons in doubt about their physical condition should check with a physician before wearing these garments.

If any of the following symptoms develop during use of this garment, immediately leave the hot zone, undergo field decontamination (if exposed), and doff the garment:

- Fever
- Difficulty breathing
- Nausea
- Excessive tiredness
- Dizziness
- Numbness
- Any unusual odor or taste
- Eye or skin irritation
- Narrowing or dimming of vision
- Claustrophobia
- Loss of balance or orientation



Always Use the Buddy System

Never work in this garment alone. A minimum of two people should enter contaminated areas together. It is important to have someone available to assist in the event of an emergency. That person will require the same level of protection as the person needing emergency assistance.

Manage and Prevent Heat Stress

This garment interferes with the natural regulation of body temperature. This can lead to a rise in core body temperature and heat stress. The wearer should be aware of the symptoms and treatment of heat stress. The wearer can take several steps to limit and/or prevent heat stress, such as use of a cooling system, and working in accordance with a conservative work/rest schedule. The maximum time the garment can be worn depends on such variables as the air supply, ambient condition, climate inside the garment, physical and psychological condition of the wearer, work rate and work load. The TLV™ pocket guide from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH, Cincinnati) provides corrected heat stress limits for totally encapsulating garments. Similar information is available on the federal OSHA website (www.OSHA.gov).

Chemical Permeation Data

Before using a garment in a chemical situation, consult the chemical permeation data appropriate to the garment material. This information is to be used as a quide only. The permeation performance of any material depends on a number of factors including chemical concentration, temperature, time and amount of exposure, etc. Due to the large number of variables, it is impossible for all garment materials to be tested against all chemicals, all combinations or mixtures, and all temperatures at which the chemical might be encountered.



Chemical permeation tests are performed under laboratory conditions – not actual workplace conditions. They address chemical breakthrough characteristics and do not account for physical performance characteristics that affect barrier such as abrasion, flex fatigue, puncture, tear, oxidative degradation, or degraded performance due to previous contamination.

No single protective material will protect against all chemicals for all situations. The best course of action is to test the primary garment materials against the specific chemical hazard, at the temperature and in the concentrations to be encountered. Kappler, Inc. will provide free swatches of primary garment materials for testing and help arrange to have these tests performed.

Static Electricity

Under certain conditions, such as cold and dry weather, it is possible for garments to build and discharge static electricity. Discharges are not normally dangerous except in situations where generation of an electrical spark could ignite a flammable atmosphere. When working around flammable chemicals, steps to eliminate potential static discharges should be used. In these situations, recommended precautionary steps include raising humidity level of the work area and/or using a commercial, anti-static application.

Avoid Continuous Exposure

This garment should not be immersed in chemicals. This garment should not be exposed to continuous hazardous liquid chemical splash or deluge. Do not wade through liquid pools of hazardous chemicals if not necessary. Direct chemical exposure to the garment should be as limited as possible. If exposed to direct splash or deluge of hazardous chemicals, leave the area immediately and decontaminate.



Supplied Airline Applications

To connect to an external supplied airline system these garments must be equipped with the appropriate NIOSH approved garment pass-through. Note that this pass-through connection will NOT serve as an anchor for a tether. Excess stress on this fitting may result in permanent damage to the garment.



WARNING

Avoid Suffocation

Do not wear this garment without supplied breathing air. Vaporprotective garments totally enclose the wearer and isolate the wearer from exposure to outside gases and vapors. Air may be supplied to the wearer by a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or supplied breathing airline.

Sock Booties

The sock booties attached to this garment are designed to be worn inside outer boots. These sock booties do not have sufficient durability or slip resistance to be worn as outer boots.

Provide Hearing Protection

If noise levels inside the garment exceed regulatory noise levels, hearing protection must be provided. Use hearing protection recommended by a safety professional and which does not interfere with the operation or use of the garment.



Communications

A vapor-protective garment hampers communication. The use of a personal communication system should be considered. Users should also consider the use of hand signals to communicate during training, work, and for emergency situations where respirators and totally encapsulating garments are worn.

INSPECTION OF THE GARMENT



CAUTION

The garment should undergo a full visual inspection at the following times:

- Upon receipt to ensure no damage has occurred during shipment **OR** prior to first donning of garment.
- After a garment is worn and before the garment is made available for reuse.
- Annually.

However, most performance properties of a liquid-splash garment cannot be tested by the user in the field.



FULL VISUAL INSPECTION

To perform a full visual inspection:

- Choose a clean, dry area that is free of potential sources of snags, tears and punctures.
- Mark suspected defects with colored adhesive tape.
- Check the visor for scratches or flaws.
- Visually inspect seams for tape lift or de-lamination.
- Visually inspect for surface damage or discoloration on material, visor, gloves and zipper closure.
- Check zipper closure for worn or damaged parts. Run your fingers along the zipper length to feel for imperfections or separations.
- Check function of zipper and zipper fitting. If zipper is difficult to operate, it
 can be lubricated lightly on the outer and inner components with paraffin
 (wax). After lubrication, the zipper should be closed and opened a number of
 times to assure that all excess lubricant has been removed. Garment should
 be stored with zipper open.

Garments with visible holes, tears, rips, punctures, serious discoloration or abrasions should not be used.

Note any remarks in the Inspection Log. If the garment is unsuitable for use by visual inspection, the garment may be retired for training use after being permanently labeled "For Training Use Only" or disposed of properly.



RETURNING THE GARMENT

If a garment fails a visual inspection or pressure test, the garment may be returned for inspection and possible replacement. Contact Kappler Inc. to authorize the return. No contaminated garments will be accepted for return. Discoloration or odors are evidence of contamination.

Garments being returned must be accompanied by the usage log and with a letter stating that the garment has not been contaminated. Note: Charges may be incurred. See warranty information.

STORAGE LIFE AND STORAGE CONDITIONS

Storage Life

Kappler's Zytron® 300 and 500 garments have a predicted *storage life* of 10 years from the date of manufacture when stored properly (see Storage Conditions), based on accelerated aging studies. *Storage life* is defined as the period in which a garment or element has undergone proper care and maintenance in accordance with this instruction manual, but has not been used in either training or in response to actual incidents. The useable *service life* of the garment is dependent on the chemicals exposed to the garment, the concentration of those chemicals, the work environment, frequency of use, and the maintenance program. It is the responsibility of the employer or purchaser to determine when the garment should be taken out of service. It is recommended that garments be labeled and retired to "Training Use Only" if they do not pass the recommended visual and/or pressure test inspections.



Storage Conditions

Garments should be stored away from direct sunlight, preferably in a cool, dry location that is not subjected to extreme hot or cold conditions (between 40° -90° F). Garments should be stored in their original boxes, in bags, or on hangers. Garments should be stored with the zipper open.

CLOSURE LUBRICANTS

There are no lubricants recommended for the closure system.

MARKING RECOMMENDATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Ensembles may be marked with Kappler ChemTape.

RECOMMENDED UNDERGARMENTS

The wearer should consider wearing inherently flame resistant, woven clothing, with full sleeves, and trousers under this garment.

SIZING CONSIDERATIONS

The garment sizing chart should be used to determine accurate fit. The correct size garment should be worn. See Appendix B pg. 33.

continued



DONNING THE GARMENT (Z3H427-92, Z3H432-92, Z3H437-92 AND Z3H452-92)

- 1. Conduct a brief visual inspection of the garment before beginning donning procedure.
 - Garment should be free of discoloration, or physical damage.
 - Inner gloves should be fully inserted in outer gloves.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer don the garment.
- 3. Before donning remove all jewelry and personal items (pens, key rings, badges, pagers, knife cases, etc.) that might damage the garment.
- 4. Check function of respirator and place near donning location.
- 5. Visually check size and condition of outer boots and place near the donning location.
- 6. Open garment zipper closure completely.
- 7. Read garment size label to assure proper fit.
- 8. Remove shoes. The sock booties on this garment are worn inside outer chemical boots. These sock booties do not have adequate durability or slip resistance to be worn over footwear as an outer covering.
- 9. While sitting, insert feet into garment legs and down into sock booties. Stretch legs out to maximum extension while pulling garment up around hips.
- 10. Pull boot splash flaps up and don outer boots. Fold splash flaps down over boots as far as possible.



- 11. Place one hand in the sleeve and pull garment sleeve to shoulder. Make sure hand is securely inside the glove.
- 12. Place other hand in the opposite sleeve and glove as before.
- 13. Don respirator face piece and tighten head straps to secure.
- 14. Pull hood over the head and secure, ensure proper fit and seal.
- 15. Slowly close the zipper. After checking that the zipper is completely closed, the flaps should be closed and sealed over the zipper.

DOFFING THE GARMENT (Z3H427-92, Z3H432-92, Z3H437-92 AND Z3H452-92)

- 1. If the garment has been contaminated or is suspected of being contaminated, the wearer should continue to use his respirator until the garment has been doffed and removed.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer doff the garment after field decontamination. If the garment has been contaminated, the assistant should wear protective clothing and respiratory equipment.
- 3. While the wearer stands, the assistant should open the storm flap and zipper closure, and then peel the garment down and away from the wearer's shoulders. To prevent inner gloves from inverting, grasp the fingers of both gloves while the other hand is being removed. The assistant should help the wearer remove his arms from the sleeves. External airlines should be disconnected from the garment and from the wearer's respirator, while the wearer switches to his escape bottle.



- 4. Lower the garment below the hips and sit down. Have the assistant remove the boots, pull the garment off the legs and remove the garment to a remote location.
- 5. Once the garment has been removed, the wearer can doff the respiratory face piece.

DONNING THE GARMENT [Z3H456-92]

- 1. Conduct a brief visual inspection of the garment before beginning donning procedure.
- 2. Garment should be free of discoloration, or physical damage.
- 3. Inner gloves should be fully inserted in outer gloves.
- 4. An assistant should help the wearer don the garment.
- 5. Remove all jewelry and personal items (pens, key rings, badges, pagers, knife cases, etc.) that might damage the garment.
- 6. Check function of respirator and place nearby donning location.
- 7. Visually check size and condition of outer boots and place nearby donning location.
- 8. Open garment zipper closure completely.
- 9. Read garment size label to assure proper fit.
- 10. Remove shoes. The sock booties on this garment are worn inside outer chemical boots. These sock booties do not have adequate durability or slip resistance to be worn over footwear as an outer covering.



- 11. While sitting, insert feet into garment legs and down into sock booties. Stretch legs out to maximum extension while pulling garment up around hips.
- 12. Pull boot splash flaps up and don outer boots. Fold splash flaps down over boots as far as possible.
- 13. Place one hand in the sleeve, pull garment sleeve to shoulder and place hand into gloves.
- 14. Place other hand in sleeve and place hand into gloves.
- 15. Don respirator face piece and tighten head straps to secure.
- 16. Pull hood over the head and secure, ensure proper fit between respirator face piece and garment elastomeric face seal.
- 17. Slowly close the zipper. After checking that the zipper is completely closed, the flaps should be closed and sealed over the zipper.
- 18. The user should squat down and expel the air inside the garment through the face seal interface

DOFFING THE GARMENT [Z3H456-92]

- 1. If the garment has been contaminated, or suspected of being contaminated, the wearer should continue to use his respirator until the garment has been doffed and removed.
 - 2. An assistant should help the wearer doff the garment after field decontamination. If the garment has been contaminated, the assistant should wear protective clothing and respiratory equipment.



- 3. While the wearer stands, the assistant should open the closure and peel the garment down and away from the wearer's shoulders. The assistant should help the wearer remove his arms from the sleeves.
- 4. Lower the garment below the hips and sit down. Have the assistant remove the boots, pull the garment off the legs, and remove the garment to a remote location.
- 5. Once the garment has been removed, the wearer can doff the respiratory face piece and harness.

DONNING THE GARMENT (Z3H426-92 AND Z3H428-92)

- Conduct a brief visual inspection of the garment before beginning donning procedure.
 - Garment should be free of discoloration, or physical damage.
 - Inner gloves should be fully inserted in outer gloves.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer don the garment.
- 3. Before donning remove all jewelry and personal items (pens, key rings, badges, pagers, knife cases, etc.) that might damage the garment.
- 4. Check function of respirator and place near the donning location.
- 5. Visually check size and condition of outer boots and place near the donning location.
- 6. Open garment zipper closure completely.
- 7. Read garment size label to assure proper fit.



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- 8. Remove shoes.
- 9. While sitting, insert feet into garment legs and down into sock booties. Stretch legs out to maximum extension while pulling garment up around hips.
- 10. Put on boot and pull elastic ankle openings over the boots. Place one hand in the sleeve and pull garment sleeve to shoulder.
- 11. Place other hand in the opposite sleeve. Put on gloves and attach to garment sleeves with ChemTape®.
- 12. Slowly close the zipper closure. After checking that the closure is completely closed, the storm flaps should be closed and sealed over the zipper closure. Do this by removing the double sided tape release paper pressing to top storm flap to bottom storm flap. Fold the top of the storm flaps inside the garment at chin.
- 13. Put on respirator face piece and pull garment hood back over the top of the face piece.

DOFFING THE GARMENT (Z3H426-92 AND Z3H428-92)

- 1. If the garment has been contaminated or is suspected of being contaminated, the wearer should continue to use his respirator until the garment has been doffed and removed.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer doff the garment after field decontamination. If the garment has been contaminated, the assistant should wear protective clothing and respiratory equipment.
- 3. While the wearer stands, the assistant should open the storm flap and zipper closure, and then peel the garment down and away from the wearer's shoulders. To prevent inner gloves from inverting, grasp the



fingers of both gloves while the other hand is being removed. The assistant should help the wearer remove his arms from the sleeves. External airlines should be disconnected from the garment and from the wearer's respirator, while the wearer switches to his escape bottle.

- 4. Lower the garment below the hips and sit down. Have the assistant remove the boots, pull the garment off the legs and remove the garment to a remote location.
- 5. Once the garment has been removed, the wearer can doff the respiratory face piece.

DONNING THE GARMENT (Z3H576-92, Z3H577-92 AND Z5H577-92)

- 1. Conduct a brief visual inspection of the garment before beginning donning procedure.
 - Garment should be free of discoloration, or physical damage.
 - Inner gloves should be fully inserted in outer gloves.
 - Inside and outside of exhaust values should be free of caps and plugs.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer don the garment..
- 3. Before donning remove all jewelry and personal items (pens, key rings, badges, pagers, knife cases, etc.) that might damage the garment.
- 4. Check function of respirator and place near the donning location.
- 5. Visually check size and condition of outer boots and place near the donning location.
- 6. Open garment zipper closure completely.



- 7. Read garment size label to assure proper fit.
- 8. Remove shoes. The sock booties on this garment are worn inside outer chemicals boots. These sock booties do not have adequate durability or slip resistance to be worn over footwear as an outer covering.
- 9. While sitting, insert feet into garment legs and down into sock boots. Stretch legs out to maximum extension while pulling garment up around hips.
- 10. Pull boot splash flaps up and don outer boots. Fold splash flaps down over boots as far as possible.
- 11. While standing, with garment at waist level, don SCBA respirator harness and back piece.
- 12. Don respirator face piece and check its function. To conserve SCBA air supply, disconnect the air supply from the face piece, if possible, as long as the wearer retains access to fresh air. In the case of an airline breathing system, complete all connections and adjustments.
- 13. Place one hand in the sleeve and pull garment sleeve to shoulder. Make sure hand is securely inside the glove.
- 14. Place other in the opposite sleeve and glove as before.
- 15. Pull the garment over respirator backpack towards head, making sure nothing will constrict or hamper air flow for your breathing apparatus or airline.
- 16. Attach the SCBA regulator air supply to the face piece, activate the air supply and ensure proper function of air supply before closing the zipper. If using an airline breathing system, ensure breathable air is now being supplied to the suit.



17. Have the assistant slowly close the gas-tight zipper closure. After checking that the zipper is completely closed, the storm flaps should be closed and sealed over the zipper closure.

DOFFING THE GARMENT (Z3H576-92, Z3H577-92 AND Z5H577-92)

- 1. If the garment has been contaminated or is suspected of being contaminated, the wearer should continue to use his respirator until the garment has been doffed and removed.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer doff the garment after field decontamination. If the garment has been contaminated, the assistant should wear protective clothing and respiratory equipment.
- 3. While the wearer stands, the assistant should open the storm flap and zipper closure, and then peel the garment down and away from the wearer's shoulders. To prevent inner gloves from inverting, grasp the fingers of both gloves while the other hand is being removed. The assistant should help the wearer remove his arms from the sleeves.
 - External airlines should be disconnected from the garment and from the wearer's respirator, while the wearer switches to his escape bottle.
- 4. Lower the garment below the hips and sit down. Have the assistant remove the boots, pull the garment off the legs and remove the garment to a remote location.
- 5. Once the garment has been removed, the wearer can doff the respiratory face piece and harness.



DONNING THE GARMENT Z3H579-92

- Conduct a brief visual inspection of the garment before beginning donning procedure.
 - Garment should be free of discoloration, or physical damage.
 - Inner gloves should be fully inserted in outer gloves.
 - Inside and outside of exhaust values should be free of caps and plugs.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer don the garment.
- 3. Before donning remove all jewelry and personal items (pens, key rings, badges, pagers, knife cases, etc.) that might damage the garment.
- 4. Check function of respirator and place near the donning location.
- 5. Visually check size and condition of outer boots and place near the donning location.
- 6. Open garment zipper closure completely.
- 7. Read garment size label to assure proper fit.
- 8. Remove shoes. The sock booties on this garment are worn inside outer chemicals boots. These sock booties do not have adequate durability or slip resistance to be worn over footwear as an outer covering.
- 9. While sitting, insert feet into garment legs and down into sock booties. Stretch legs out to maximum extension while pulling garment up around hips.
 - 10. Pull boot splash flaps up and don outer boots. Fold splash flaps down over boots as far as possible.



- 11. While standing, with garment at waist level, don SCBA respirator harness and back piece.
- 12. Don respirator face piece and check its function. To conserve SCBA air supply, disconnect the air supply from the face piece, if possible, as long as the wearer retains access to fresh air. In the case of an airline breathing system, complete all connections and adjustments.
- 13. Place one hand in the sleeve and pull garment sleeve to shoulder.
- 14. Place other in the opposite sleeve and repeat.
- 15. Put on gloves and attach to garment sleeves with ChemTape®.
- 16. Pull the garment over respirator backpack towards head, making sure nothing will constrict or hamper air flow for your breathing apparatus or airline.
- 17. Attach the SCBA regulator air supply to the face piece, activate the air supply and ensure proper function of air supply before closing the zipper. If using an airline breathing system, ensure breathable air is now being supplied to the suit.
- 18. Have the assistant slowly close the gas-tight zipper closure. After checking that the zipper is completely closed, the storm flaps should be closed and sealed over the zipper closure.



DOFFING THE GARMENT Z3H579-92

- 1. If the garment has been contaminated or is suspected of being contaminated, the wearer should continue to use his respirator until the garment has been doffed and removed.
- 2. An assistant should help the wearer doff the garment after field decontamination. If the garment has been contaminated, the assistant should wear protective clothing and respiratory equipment.
- 3. While the wearer stands, the assistant should open the storm flap and zipper closure, and then peel the garment down and away from the wearer's shoulders. To prevent inner gloves from inverting, grasp the fingers of both gloves while the other hand is being removed. The assistant should help the wearer remove his arms from the sleeves. External airlines should be disconnected from the garment and from the wearer's respirator, while the wearer switches to his escape bottle.
- 4. Lower the garment below the hips and sit down. Have the assistant remove the boots, pull the garment off the legs and remove the garment to a remote location.
- 5. Once the garment has been removed, the wearer can doff the respiratory face piece and harness.



INTERFACE ISSUES

The user should ensure respirators, boots and gloves, as applicable, are properly interfaced.

DECONTAMINATION AND CLEANING OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL CONTAMINATION



CAUTION

This garment is designed for multiple use, single exposure. It is priced to make disposal after use economically justified when the effectiveness of decontamination is in question. This garment is not designed for multiple exposures and multiple decontaminations.

Decontamination Solutions

Do not use any oxidative, corrosive or reactive decontamination solutions with this garment. The only decontamination solutions to use with this garment are water and mild, household dishwashing liquid.

Field Decontamination

The purpose of field decontamination is to allow the wearer to doff the garment without being harmed by contaminants on the garment surface. Garments that have been exposed to or that are suspected to have been exposed to chemical or biological contamination should be field decontaminated before doffing.



Additional cleaning, decontamination, a full visual inspection and a pressure test are required before a garment may be reused.

- Leave the hot zone with adequate air supply for decontamination and removal of the garment. The wearer should continue to wear the respirator until the garment has been completely doffed and removed from the area.
- 2. If the garment has been exposed or is suspected to have been exposed, thoroughly scrub the garment using household dishwashing liquid and soft scrub brushes, followed by a thorough rinsing in water.
- 3. If possible, the excess rinse water should be removed from the garment by individuals wearing gloves, liquid-splash protective clothing and respiratory protection. At a minimum, the rinse water on and near the closure assembly should be removed.

DECONTAMINATION BEFORE REUSE

It is the responsibility of the safety professional having jurisdiction over usage of the garment to determine whether the garment has been adequately decontaminated and can be safely re-used.

A decontamination procedure for each of the chemicals the garment has been exposed to should be developed and implemented by a qualified individual and with complete information on the type of contaminant, as well as the level of contamination involved.

Contaminated garments should be discarded. Contaminated garments are not suitable for training purposes.



No reactive or corrosive decontamination solutions should be used with this garment. Only water and mild, household dishwashing liquid should be used as decontamination liquids.

Cleaning

Only garments that have been thoroughly cleaned and dried may be considered for use.

- Water and mild household dishwashing liquid should be used to clean this garment.
- This garment may be scrubbed with a soft brush or hand towel, thoroughly rinsed with clean, fresh water and air-dried.
- Do not use any oxidative, corrosive or reactive decontamination solutions with this garment.
- Do not dry-clean this garment.
- Do not use hot air or a tumbling air dryer to dry this garment.
- Make sure no zipper separations occur during cleaning.

RETIREMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Retired garments that are not contaminated may be labeled and used "For Training Use Only." The labeling should be done with a permanent marker.



DISPOSAL

This garment may be safely disposed of in a facility capable of handling plastic items containing polyolefin, polyester and vinyl plastics. Severely contaminated garments may need to be treated as and disposed of as hazardous wastes.

WARRANTY INFORMATION

It is the responsibility of the user to select garments which are appropriate for each intended use and which meet all specified government and industry standards.

Kappler Zytron® 300 & 500 garments are designed for multiple use, single exposure. It is the responsibility of the wearer to inspect garments periodically to ensure that all components, including fabric, valves, visors, gloves, zippers, seams, and interfaces are in good working condition and provide adequate protection for the operation and chemicals to be encountered. Failure to fully inspect garments may result in serious injury or death to the wearer. Never wear garments that have not been fully inspected and pressure tested prior to use. Any garment which does not pass the visual inspection and/or pressure test should be removed from service immediately.

Kappler warrants for a period of 90 days after the delivery of a Zytron® 300 or 500 garment, that the garment is free from defects in materials and workmanship when used in accordance with the instructions contained in this care and use manual. NO OTHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OTHERWISE IS MADE. Purchaser and all garment users shall promptly notify Kappler of any claim, whether based on contract, negligence, and strict liability or otherwise.



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The sole and exclusive remedy of the purchaser and all end users and the limit of liability of Kappler for any and all losses, injuries or damages shall be the refund of the purchase price or the replacement or repair of any product found to be defective within 90 days after the product is delivered. In no event shall Kappler be liable for any special, incidental or consequential damages, whether in contract of in tort, arising out of any warranties, representations, instructions, or defects from any cause in connection with the Zytron® 300 or 500 series garment, or the sale thereof.

Purchaser and all users are responsible for inspection and proper care of this product as described in this care and use manual and are responsible for all loss or damages from use or handling which results from conditions beyond the control of the manufacturer.

Zytron® 300 & 500 is a Kappler registered trademark.

APPENDIX A - TECHNICAL DATA PACKAGE

NFPA 1992 Performance Data

Available on request from Kappler.

Sizing Information

Sizes available: XS, SM/MD, LG/XL, 2X/3X, & 4X.

See attached chart (Appendix B).



GARMENT MATERIAL AND COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS

Garment Material

The primary garment material is Kappler Zytron® 300 chemical barrier fabric. Garment material for Z5H577 is Zytron 500 fabric.

Visor/Faceshield Material

The visor system is 2 mil anti-fog treated inner, 40 mil FR PVC outer.

Glove Material and Assembly (Z3H427-92, Z3H432-92, Z3H452-92 and Z3H456-92)

The glove assembly consists of two (2) layers:

- Inner glove: KBF liner Size 11.
- Outer glove: Neoprene Size 10 or Butyl 14 mil Size XL.
 These gloves are not field replaceable.

These gloves are unlined and have no surface treatments applied.

Glove Material and Assembly (Z3H437-92, Z3H452-92 5B Z3H456-92 5B, Z3H576-92 and Z5H577-92)

The glove is a single layer glove:

• Neoprene Size 10

These gloves have a 100% cotton flock lining and no surface treatments. These gloves are not field replaceable.



Sock Bootie Material

The garment is made with an integrated sock bootie in the primary garment material. The user must wear separate outer safety boots.

ZIPPER/CLOSURE TYPE AND MATERIAL

Z3H427-92, Z3H432-92, Z3H437-92, and Z3H452-92

The materials of construction for the zipper closure include plastic chain, metal slide and pull, urethane coated polyester cloth tape. The completed closure assembly is located on the front of the garment, oriented from left leg to right side of head, with a 40" length for sizes XS & SM/MD and 48" length for LG/XL, 2X/3X & 4X.

Z3H576-92

The materials of construction for the zipper closure include plastic chain, metal slide and pull, urethane coated polyester cloth tape. The completed closure assembly is located on the back of the garment, oriented vertically, with a 48" length for all sizes.

Z3H456-92, Z3H577-92, Z3H579-92 and Z5H577-92

The materials of construction for the zipper closure include plastic chain, metal slide and pull, urethane coated polyester cloth tape. The completed closure assembly is located on the front of garment, oriented diagonally, with a 48" length for all sizes.

Z3H426-92 and Z3H428-92

The materials of construction for the zipper closure include plastic chain, metal slide and pull, urethane coated polyester cloth tape. The completed closure



assembly is located on the front center of the garment, oriented vertically from crotch to neck opening, with a 26" length for XS & SM/MD, a 30" length for LG/XL & 2X/3X and a 34" length for 4X.

The outside of the zipper closure is protected by a double flap system composed of garment material. The zipper closure is fastened by a hook/loop system.

MATERIAL SEAM TYPES AND COMPOSITION

Seam Material - Garment

The seam is a serge over-lock seam to the outside. The sewing thread is cotton/polyester. The outer tape is composed of a chemical barrier film that is heat-sealed over the seam.

Seam Material - Visor

The visor is sewn to the outside of the garment material. The edge of the visor is covered with the same barrier tape as the garment seams.

Seam Material - Glove (Z3H427-92, Z3H432-92, Z3H437-92, Z3H452-92, Z3H456-92, Z3H576-92 and Z3H577-92)

The glove assembly is connected to the sleeve by sewing then heat-sealed over the seam.

Seam Material - Footwear

The footwear is not attached to the garment material. The protective footwear is worn over the integral sock boot.



Seam Material - Garment Closure

The closure is connected to the garment by sewing then heat-sealed over the seam to the outside of the garment material.

EXHAUST VALVE TYPE AND MATERIAL

The Exhaust valve type is a Pirelli valve. The valve body is manufactured of impact resistant plastic. The flapper diaphragm is made of natural rubber. The valves are attached to the garment via a mechanical screw compression seal. The valves are covered with splash resistant flaps made of the primary garment material. There are two valves incorporated into each ensemble. The exhaust valves integrate to the garment with red rubber gaskets.

HEAD PROTECTION ACCOMMODATED WITH THIS GARMENT

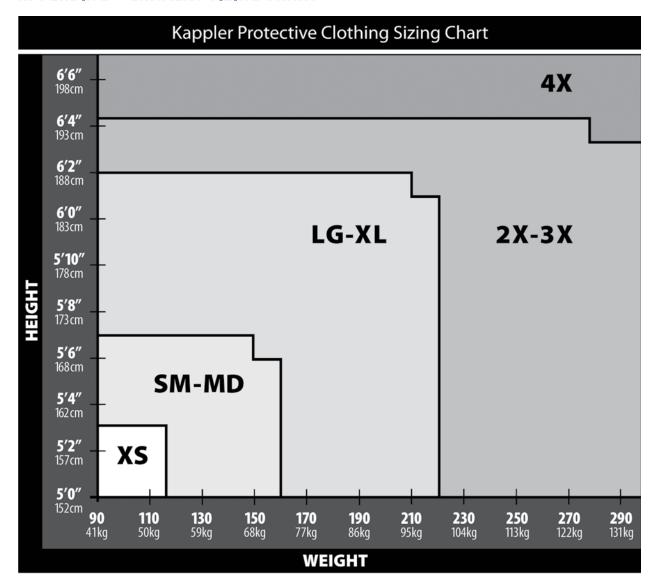
The Zytron® 300 or 500 will accommodate Type 1 Class G helmets of ANSI Z89.1.

ZYTRON® GLOVE SIZING CHART

Glove Size	Hand Circumference (in)	Hand Length (in)	Garment Size Option
Extra Small	6	6-3/4	XS
Small	7	6-3/4	SM/MD
Medium	8	7-3/16	SM/MD
Large	9	7-9/16	LG/XL
X-Large	10	8-1/16	LG/XL
2X-Large	11	8-7/16	2X/3X, 4X



APPENDIX B - GARMENT SIZING CHART



Please Note: This chart is based on individuals wearing S.C.B.A., safety helmet and suggested underclothing (see Recommended Undergarments).



APPENDIX C - ZYTRON® 300 AND 500 INSPECTION LOG

Serial #

DATE	INSPECTOR	REMARKS	TEST RESULTS



	User Information for Zytron [®] 35
NOTES:	

